Numb. 455.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Auguſt 25. to September 1. 1737.

From the Gentleman's Magazine *for* February. 1737.

Dublin, February 19.

Annals of a Modern *Traveller.*

I WAS in the 17th Year of my Age, when my Father dying, left me an Eſtate, in the County of Kilkenny, of 4000 l. a Year, beſides Woods upon it to the Value of 10000 l. more, & 15,000l. in Caſh. I had Underſtanding enough, even at that Age, to conſider, that this was too great a Fortune to be ſpent in ſuch a Country as Ireland; and ſo reſolv'd to go out of it as ſoon as I ſhould free my ſelf from the Dominion of my Guardians, who were perpetually debaſing my Mind with their impertinent Exhortations about cultivating my Lands, &c. I well knew this never was the Way to become a fine Gentleman; therefore contriv'd to ſhake off their Authority, and got myſelf remov'd to Dublin, to be out of the Reach of it. It is incredible, conſidering my ſcanty Allowance, how much I improv'd in three Years there. For beſides a very accurate Knowledge in all Kinds of domeſtic Games, I had acquired no ſmall Skill in Cocks, Dogs, and Horſes, and obtained a tolerable Inſight into the Practice of Phyſick; which laſt hath very often ſince been of ſingular Service both to myſelf and my Cattle. Here it was I fought my firſt Duel, and accquitted myſelf very handſomly, though I had the Misfortune to be diſarm'd by the ignorant Country Booby I engaged, who preſſed upon me *mal a propos*, and put me out of my Rules of Fencing. Soon after this, I became of Age, and went to London, towards the End of the Year 1714, from which Period I date my Appearance on the Theatre of the World.

1715. Took a great Houſe in Bloomsbury. Set up my Coach and Six. Entertain'd ſeveral of the Miniſtry. Was ſmiled upon at Court. Had Advances made me. Let into the Secret. Loſt 2000 Pieces to a Perſon of very great Intereſt. Wrote to my Steward for more Money. Remittances very dilatory. Order'd him to cut down my Woods. Could not wait his ſlow Methods of proceeding; ſo ſold them my ſelf to much greater Advantage, to a Gentleman to whom I owed more than half their Value, loſt at Play, which obliged him to take them at my own Price. In Auguſt ſold my Coach and Six; and began to live more frugally, in order to make the Tour of Europe next Spring.

1716. Went to Paris. Introduced, at my firſt Arrival, to the Acquaintance of a Marquis, a Perſon of great Diſcretion and Politeneſs, who afterwards did me the Honour to ſhave me, during my Stay there. Much admired by the Ladies. Admitted to Madam de Polignac's Ruelle. The World pleaſed to talk freely of her on my Account, though without any manner of Foundation, that accompliſh'd Lady having never granted me any other Favour than winning a 1000 Piſtoles of my Money. Paſſed the Winter very agreeably; and had all my Draughts duly honoured by my Steward.

1717. Bad News from Ireland. Received Advice from my Steward, that my Houſe in the Country with all the Furniture, was conſumed by a Fire. This, tho' a Loſs of 10,000 l. made more eaſy to me by the Conſideration, that I had now an Opportunity of rebuilding it in a more elegant Gout, with Windows Il Italienn, contriv'd to keep out Sunſhine, and other Inconveniences to which Ireland is ſo much ſubject. Conſulted ſeveral ingenious Architects; and at laſt fix'd on a moſt beautiful Model, which coſt me no more than 1200 Crowns. Ordered all the old Planting about my Seat to be cut down, to make Room for new Improvements, adorned with Canals, Caſcades, Jets d'eaux, and other Conveniences for refrigerating the ſhady Arbours, and abating the exceſſive Solſtitial Heats. Spent moſt part of the Year in theſe polite Entretiens; and the reſt of it at Montpellier.

1719. Croſs'd the Alps. Had an Intrigue with a Nun, at St Jeane de Maurienne. Went to Geneva; and plaid at Bowls with a Parſon on Sunday. Saw an old Amphitheatre at Verona: Reſolv'd to build a Ruin, whenever I got to Ireland. Confined ſeveral Months at Padua, by Sickneſs. Thought very often upon my Nun. Arrived in good Health at Rome.

1719. Viſited all the Curioſities at Rome, contracted an Acquaintance with the moſt eminent Muſicians, and other learned Men. Commenc'd Virtuoſo. Purchaſed a genuine Medallion of Peſcenius Niger, a Cremona Fiddle, and the Picture of a famous Courtezanne, drawn by Guido, and ſtolen out of a Church. Supped with a Cardinal's Niece. Narrowly eſcaped being killed in leaping out of a Window. Paid a Viſit at Urbino. Was graciouſly received by a certain Perſon, and kiſſed his Hand. Would come under no Engagements; but made a ſmall Preſent, which was kindly accepted. Applauded my own Conduct in this particular. Made a prudent Reflection, that a looſe Leg is the beſt Method of ſecuring a Retreat. Returned to Rome. Honoured with the Friendſhip of ſeveral Scotch Gentlemen of great Birth, who ſpent moſt of their Time in my Company. N. B. *This is a very expenſive Year to me.*

1720. Went to Venice to paſs the Carnival. Gamed high among the Venetian Noblemen, and deep with their Wives. Sailed in Gondolas with Nymphs, and fancied myſelf a Sea-God. Intoxicated with Pleaſure. Antony and Cleopatra, or, *The World well loſt.* Rouſed out of my Lethargy, and poſted to Paris, on the News of Miſſiſſippi, and Mr. Law. Arriv'd Time enough to ſubſcribe the Purchaſe-Money of my two beſt Manners, which I ſold on this important Occaſion. Grew immediately rich; having a Heap of Wealth, in Paper, ſufficient for the Support of a Prince. Set up a magnificent Equipage; and hir'd a great Hotel in the Palace Royal. Entertain'd ſeveral Princes of the Blood; and was in great Favour with the Regent. Gamed High. Puzzled with the firſt Fall of the Stocks. Had freſh Aſſurances from Mr. Law; and ventur'd on another Subſcription. Found Affairs much em-

embarraſſed, Longed for a Sight of a Piſtole. Endeavour'd to ſell out part of my Stock. Could find no Buyers. Refuſed Admittance to Mr. Law. Gave up all for loſt. The Remainder of my Eſtate in Ireland ſeiz'd on by thoſe Barbarians, my Creditors. Hired a Poſt Chaiſe, and retired privately to Montpellier. Reſolved on new Schemes. Studied Philoſophy; and read Rochefaucault's Maxims. Began a Treatiſe of Travelling; and ſo concluded this unfortunate Year. ------

The Manuſcript breaks off here. But the Reader is to know, that the 'Squire lives in Hopes of being ſoon relieved out of the Four-Court-Marſhalſea, (where he hath been confined theſe eight or nine Years paſt) by the next Act for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors.

DUBLIN, May 17.

Laſt Sunday died after a few days Illneſs, George Forbes, Eſq; Counſellor at Law; he was a Gentleman univerſally eſteem'd by thoſe of his Acquaintance. His Memory was ſo very great, that whenever any Paragraph in any Law-Book was quoted, he could immediately tell the Author, and what Page it was in, and very near the Line it began at. His Eſtate falls to a Gentleman in Scotland of his Name.

London, May 28. Yeſterday juſt as St. Paul's ſtruck Eleven, there was as great a Change of a Scene of Joy to Sorrow as has been known for a long time: A ſix-oar Barge, with ſeveral Gentlemen and Ladies, going down the River on a Party of Pleaſure, attended by a Boat, in which were a Band of Muſick and two Watermen; the Barge went thro' London Bridge, but the Watermen in the Boat rowing in haſte, to get thro' the next Arch, laid the Boat ſide-way to the Tide, and her Stern running againſt the Sterlings, ſhe turn'd Keel upwards in a Moment; one of the Watermen got upon the Sterlings, the other (belonging to the Earl of Albermarle) was taken up almoſt dead, as was one of the Muſick; the other three were unfortunately drown'd. This was beheld by the Company to whom they belong'd, with the utmoſt Concern, the Ladies fainting away, and the Gentlemen ſo ſurpriz'd that they were unable to help them for ſome time. Orders were given immediately to ſearch for the Bodies of the unhappy Perſons drown'd, and the Company obliged to deſiſt from their intended Pleaſure.

May 30. We have received the following Account of the exact Number of Troops which form two Ruſſian Armies now acting againſt the Turks, under the Command of Count Munich and General Laſcy. The firſt is compoſed of 400 Horſe and 3000 Foot-Guards; 30 Regiments of Dragoons, conſiſting of 1231 Men each; 9 Regiments of Militia, upon the ſame Foot as the Dragoons; 30 Regiments of Infantry of 1686 Men, beſides 2000 Huſſars and 15000 Coſſacks, amounting in the whole to 118989 Men. General Laſcy's Army conſiſts of 13 Regiments of Dragoons, and 20 Regiments of Infantry, 49723 Men. Total Amount of both Armies, 166712 Men. A Body of 9000 regular Troops will be left about Azoph, to be ready to join General Laſcy in caſe of need; and as if all theſe numerous Troops were not enough, Count Munich's Army will be reinforced by 35000 Coſſacks and Calmucks, under the Command of their Kan Donduck Ombo. One would imagine theſe Forces were more than ſufficient to extinguiſh the Name of a Turk from the Face of the Earth; and accordingly it is ſaid, the Deſign of the Turkiſh Army is to keep upon the Defenſive only, and to harraſs the Ruſſians as much as poſſible, by cutting off their Proviſions, and blocking up their way with Trees, without daring to come to a deciſive Battle with them.

Canterbury, June 1. On Sunday Morning laſt, one Margaret Wickes, a ſingle Woman, about 22 Years of Age, was committed to his Majeſty's Goal in St. Dunſtan's near this City, charged with Suſpicion of murdering Lydia Fagg, an Infant aged 18 Months, or thereabouts, Daughter of Thomas Fagg of the Town and Port of Dover, Gentleman; which, on Examination before the Juſtice of Peace, ſhe confeſſed. The miſerable Wretch has only to excuſe ſo barbarous an Action, as ſhe pretends, but that when ſhe was uneaſy in Service, her Miſtreſs would not ſuffer her to go away. The Maid-Servant got up from the Bed where ſhe lay with the Infant at her Maſter's Houſe in Dover, about Four o'Clock on Saturday Morning laſt, and before ſhe went out of the Houſe, as ſhe now ſays, went up and kiſs'd the Child three ſeveral times, and at laſt took the Child from her Bed, and carried her aſleep to the Sea-ſide; when a great Wave waſh'd the Child out of her Arms; that ſhe ſaw the Child ſtruggle ſeveral times, and went into the Sea after it to ſave it, but could not. But 'tis confidently reported by ſtrong Circumſtances, that ſhe flung the Child into the Sea, to be reveng'd of her Miſtreſs. She can give no Reaſon for carrying the Child ſo early in the Morning to the Sea-ſide. This hard-hearted Creature afterwads, inſtead of going home, rambled about three Miles to St. Margaret's, where ſhe was found, conceal'd in one of the Cliffs, about 10 o'Clock the ſame Morning; and the Child about the ſame time was taken up in one of the Fiſhermen's Nets, to the unſpeakable Grief of the Family.

London, June 1. For the Entertainment of the Curious, we have inſerted the following Extract of a Letter from Leyden.

'Mr. Adrian Steckhoven, a Gardener and Floriſt in the 'Neighbourhood of this City, having foreſeen two Years 'ago, that the Piſang he has in his Garden would blow 'this Year, the thing happened accordingly, exactly as 'he foretold; for it has not only put out its Flowers, but 'alſo ſhews already its Fruit. This admirable Plant is 'called by the Indians *Picau* and *Muſa*; but in Holland 'it is commonly known by the Name of *Adam's Apple*, or 'the *Apple of Paradice*. Mr. Steckhoven, by his great Care, 'are the Obſervations he made in the Eaſt-Indies, has 'brought this Plant to a much greater degree of Perfection than ever was known in this Country. It is actually '14 Foot high; and the Leaves, which are 6 Foot long 'and 22 Inches broad. The Fruit, which according to 'the Opinion of ſome Learned Men, was what tempted 'our firſt Parents, is ſo inexpreſſibly beautiful, that it raviſhes the Sight, and raiſes the other Senſes almoſt to an 'Extacy. Mr. Steckhoven propoſes to publiſh his Remarks upon the Vegetation and Improvement of this 'wonderful Plant.

June 2. We hear, an Agent is arrived here from Lord Theodore the Titular King of Corſica, with a Commiſſion to diſcharge the Debts he had formerly contracted in this Kingdom.

London, June 21. His Majeſty's moſt Gracious Speech to both Houſes of Parliament, on *Tueſday* the 21ſt of *June*, 1737.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

'I AM come to put an End to this Seſſion of Parliament, 'that you may be at Liberty to retire into your ſeveral 'Countries, and, in your proper Stations, to promote the 'Peace and Welfare of the Kingdom.

'I return you my Thanks for the particular Proofs you 'have given me of your Affection and Regard to my Perſon and Honour; and hope, the Wiſdom and Juſtice, 'which you have ſhewn upon ſome extraordinary Incidents, 'will prevent all thoughts of the like Attempts for the 'future. The Conduct of this Parliament has been ſo uniform in all your Deliberations upon publick Affairs, that 'it would be as unjuſt not to acknowledge it, as it is unneceſſary to enumerate the ſeveral particulars.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

'Your Care, as well in raiſing the Supplies neceſſary for 'the Service of the current Year, as in doing it in the 'Manner the leaſt grievous and burthenſome to my People, is a freſh Inſtance of your equal Concern for the 'Support of my Government, and for the true Intereſt of 'your Country.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

'You cannot be inſenſible what juſt Scandal and Offence 'the Licentiouſneſs of the preſent Times, under the Colour and Diſguiſe of Liberty, gives to all honeſt and 'ſober Men, and how abſolutely neceſſary it is to reſtrain 'this exceſſive Abuſe, by a due and vigorous Execution of 'the Laws; Defiance of all Authority, Contempt of Magiſtracy, and even Reſiſtance of the Laws, are become 'too general, although equally prejudicial to the Prerogative of the Crown and the Liberties of the People, 'the Support of the One being inſeparable from the Protection of the Other. I have made the Laws of the 'Land the conſtant Rule of my Actions; and I do, with Reaſon,

Reaſon, expect in Return all that Submiſſion to my Authority and Government, which the ſame Laws have made the Duty, and ſhall always be the Intereſt of my Subjects.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majeſty's Command, ſaid,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

IT is His Majeſty's Royal Will and Pleaſure, That this Parliament be Prorogued to Thurſday *the Fourth Day of* Auguſt *next, to be then here held; and this Parliament is accordingly Prorogued to* Thurſday *the Fourth Day of* Auguſt *next.*

BOSTON, Auguſt 18.

We have the following melancholy Account of the Shipwreck of a Veſſel from Ireland, which lately happen'd at the Iſle of Sable, as related to us by one of the Freighters, whoſe Life was ſaved.

ON the 4th Day of June laſt paſt, the Snow Catherine of Workington, in Ireland, burthen about 110 Tons, Robert Walker, Commander, Meſſrs. Adam McNeal and David Thompſon, Freighters, ſail'd from North Ruſh in Ireland, bound to Boſton in New-England, having on board Two Hundred and Two Perſons, Men, Women and Children: They had the proſpect of a good Paſſage, till they came near the Iſle of Sable, when on the Lord's Day the 17th of July paſt, they had very thick haſy Weather, the Wind blowing very hard at S. S. E. and a very high Sea beating over them; their Tiller being laſh'd cloſe down was broke in two by the force of the Sea, againſt the Rudder, and by Diſtreſs of Weather in the Night, the Veſſel was drove upon a Reef of Sand, about a Mile diſtant from the High Land at the Eaſt End of the ſaid Iſland; but beating over that, the Wind and ſtrong Current ſetting againſt her, drove her directly aſhore, where all the Sea with a vaſt force beat againſt her and broke over, and firſt carrying away her Main Maſt, in a few Minutes after ſtove her in Pieces, and left the whole Company to the Mercy of the Waves and the broken pieces of the Wreck: Very pityful were the Cries of the poor People for Mercy, in that diſtreſſing Moment: Ninety-eight Perſons periſh'd in the mighty Waters; among thoſe of Note were Meſſrs. Archibald and Charles McNeal and their Wives, Mrs. Margaret Snell, and two wealthy Cloth Merchants, who were coming hither to ſet up the Manufacture of Diaper. The remaining Hundred and Four Perſons were waſted aſhore by the Surff of the Sea, ſome being much bruis'd by the Waves and Pieces of the Veſſel and others being much ſpent by the Fatigue: Three or Four of them dyed ſoon after: After Day-light appear'd, they all got together on the Lee ſide of an Hill, and having taking up the Main-Sail, which happen'd to be caſt aſhore, they made a ſort of a Tent, to ſhelter them from the Inclemencies of the Weather, and cut open a great Number of Feather Beds that were alſo drove aſhore, and with the Tick cover'd themſelves. Moſt of the dead Bodies were waſh'd on the Shore and buried by the ſpared Company. The Long-Boat being rendred very leaky and unfit for Service, on Monday they went to Work upon her (having ſundry Tools providentially drove aſhore in the Carpenter's Cheſt) and with the Pieces of Boards and Staves, with ſome Canvas, ſo patch'd her up, as that on Wedneſday the 20th of July, the Maſter, Mate, Freighters, and Five more of this ſorrowful Company, ventur'd in her to Canſo, which is about Thirty two Leagues Diſtance, where they arriv'd on Friday the 22d about Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, and waiting on Governor Cosby and ſome other Gentlemen there, and relating to them the Circumſtances of their late Diſaſter, they compaſſionately received them, and very readily adminiſtred to their Relief, preſently fitting out Capt. Richards in a Scooner, to bring off theſe diſtreſſed People from that deſolate Iſland; they ſail'd on Lord's Day the 24th, and the next Day they got there, to the great Joy of thoſe poor Creatures, and having took them all aboard brought them ſafe to Canſo, tho' ſome remaining weak, and others much wounded, were put under the Doctor's Care. About half of the Number that were ſaved, came in a Scooner to Piſcataqua on Friday laſt, moſt of whom went from thence to Londonderry or Nutfield, and three or four of them are come hither by Land.

The Loſs of ſo many Lives in ſuch an inſtantaneous and awful manner muſt needs be very affecting to every tender-hearted Chriſtian, but will certainly be more ſo the near Friends and Relations of the deceaſed.

We are alſo inform'd, That the Subſtance was very great which was loſt by this Diſaſter, moſt if not all, of the Eſtates of ſeveral Perſons and Families being on board, with themſelves; and 'tis thought, by a moderate Computation, that only the Silver and Gold on board, in Plate and Specie, amounted to above 3000 l. Sterling; ſhe being accounted the richeſt Veſſel that ever ſail'd from the North of Ireland.

Boſton, Aug. 22. Schick Sidi the Chriſtian from Barut near Mount Libanus, in Syria, whoſe Arrival here from Briſtol, we gave an Account of a few Weeks paſt, ſet out from this Town for Newport laſt Tueſday, with his Attendants, from whence we are told he purpoſes to go to New-York and Philadelphia, and from thence take his Paſſage to Jamaica, and after that to return back to London.

Cuſtom-Houſe, NEW-YORK, Auguſt 29. *Entred in.*

J. Newbold from Maryland, N. Hinſon from Barbadoes, J. Stephens, Leacraft, & Wolf, from Jamaica, H. Lawrence from Coracoa, T. Erles, from Waterford in Ireland.

Entred out. T. Parmyter, for South Carolina, W. Beekman, & J. Canon, for Boſton, Samuel Conyers, H. Richardſon, for Jamaica, P. Allair, for W. Indies, T. Fowler, for Canary Iſlands, J. Manſel, for Cadiz, J. Kierſtede, for Lisbon.

Cleared. H. Harly, to Lisbon, J. Davies, to Canary Iſlands, T. Parmyter, to South-Carolina.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 1.

Monday laſt, Sampſon the Negro Man mentioned in our laſt, had his Tryal for burning the Houſe near the Preſident's Country Seat. He made a long, artful and pathetick Defence, which wanted nothing to make it effectual but good Engliſh and Truth. The Evidence was too clear againſt him. He was found guilty and received Sentence of Death.

The ſame Day arrived Capt. Percy with 300 Germans from Holland.

We hear from Cheſter County, that on the 28th Inſt. Frederick Ingle of Middletown in Cheſter County, as he was driving his Team with a Load of Lime, had the misfortune to fall down, and the Cart Wheel paſſing over his Body, ſo bruiſed and wounded him, that after languiſhing a few Hours, he died; He was a Man ſo ſerviceable, and well beloved in his Neighbourhood, that the Loſs of him is much regretted.

Cuſtom-Houſe, PHILADELPHIA, *Entred In.*

Sloop Lilly, Benjamin Hoskins, from Antigua.
Brigt. Elizabeth, John Berſnett, from Cadiz.
Billinder London, Joſhua Pipon, from Barbadoes.
Sloop Samuel and Sarah, Wm. Boon, from Barbadoes.
Ship Samuel, Hugh Percy, from Cowes.
Sloop Frederica, John Goodwin, from Georgia.
Ship Hanker-Gally, Charles Hayman, from Briſtol.
Brigt. Elizabeth, John Jory, from Lisbon.
------ Peggy, John Sim, Madeira.

Entred out.

Sloop Samuel, and Sarah, Wm. Boon, for Weſt Indies.
Brigt. William, Richard Bowen, for Cork.
Sloop Endeavour, Thomas Pruden, for Barbadoes.

Cleared.

Sloop Lydia, James Coultas, to Barbadoes.
Ship Fræme-Galley, John Green, to Newfoundland.
Snow Francis and Anne, John Cox, to Jamaica.

RUN away from Iſaac Pearſon, *of* Burlington, *in* Weſt-New-Jerſey, *a Servant Man, named* John Williams, *aged about* 37 *Years, a* Weſt County *Man, ſpeaks by Cluſters, hard to underſtand, very ſhort, ſquare ſet, by Trade a Clockmaker: He had on a full-trimm'd brown-colour'd cloth Coat, with flat Pearl Buttons ſet in Braſs, a flannel ſtrip'd Jacket with blue Flaps, a fine Shirt, and an ozenbrigs one, ozenbrigs Trowſers, blue worſted Stockings, peaked toe'd Shoes, with Hobnails drove in the Heels, a narrow brim'd caſtor Hat.*

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings *Reward, paid by*

Philad. Aug. 26. Iſaac Pearſon.

CYPHERING SLATES *and Pencils,* ALEPPO INK *and Holman's Ink-Powder,* LINSEED OIL, *and* LAMPBLACK, *ſold by the Printer hereof.*

To be Sold cheap for READY MONEY,
By NICHOLAS REDDISH, *Sadler*,
Over-against the Great *Meeting-House* in *Second Street*
PHILADELPHIA:

ALL *Sorts of* SADLERY WARE,
As, *Kirb Bits of all Sorts, Snaffles of all Sorts.*
White and black Buckles of all Sorts,
Tuff Nails of several Sorts.
Tin Nails of several Sorts.
Sadlers 2 penny and 3 penny Nails, and
Tacks of all Sorts.
Sadlers Orris and Mohair Fringe of several colours.
Worsted Reins of several colours.
Note. *At the same Place is sold* Pointz's Elixir, *and* Stoughton's Bitter.

To be SOLD by VENDUE,
ON *the* 12*th of this Inst.* September, *at the Dwelling House of* Casper Stonebrenner *late of* Germantown, *Deceased, a Plantation scituate in* Germantown *aforesaid, at the upper End of the same, containing about Fifty Acres, together with a good Dwelling House, Barn, Stable, Orchard, Meadow Ground, clear Land and Wood-land, by* John Frederick Ax *and* Caspar Wistar, *Administrators of the said Estate: Whoever inclinces to buy may be further inform'd at* Germantown *aforesaid, by*
John Frederick Ax,
Philad. Aug. 29. 1737. Caspar Wistar.

TAKEN *in at a House in Water-street a a Pair of Handirons and a Copper Stew pan, suppos'd to be left at the Door by a Person in Drink, The Owner may hear of the above Things by applying to the Printer hereof; and describing them, and paying for this Advertisement, may have them again.*

Just published,
THE VOTES and PROCEEDINGS of the House of Representatives at their last Sitting. Printed and Sold by *B. Franklin. Price Six Pence.*

For LONDON, directly,
The SHIP *Constantine*,

EDWARD WRIGHT, Master;
Being a good SHIP, and well Accommodated for Passengers:
WILL Sail about the latter End of *October*, having half her Loading already engag'd.
For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. *Edgell* & *Shippen*, or the said Master.

Sogleich nach London,
DAS Schiff Constantine, genent, Edward Wright, Meister, will gewiss abgehen zu ende des Octobers, hat den grösten Theil seiner Ladung albereits. Wegen der Fracht kan man nachfragen bey Benjamin Shumacher, Kauffman, in der Marck-Strass, oder bey besagten Meister.

Over against the *George* Inn,
Are Taught,
WRITING and Arithmetick, Book Keeping, and the Mathematicks, by *William Robins.*

TO BE SOLD,
THE HOUSE wherein *Frederick Elverstat*, lately dwelt, scituate in *High-Street*, opposite the Prison, being very commodious for a Shopkeeper, or any Person trading with the *Palatines*. Enquire of *Thomas Sober*, *Israel Pemberton*, or *Charles Willing*.

In *Chesnut-Street* opposite to the Head of *Strawbery-Alley*,
ARE Taught, Grammar, Latin and Greek; as also Reading and Writing, Arithmetick, Vulgar and Decimal, and several Parts of the Mathematicks; by *Timothy Griffith.*

RUN *away on the* 8*th of this Instant* Aug. *from* Amos Austin *of* Evesham, Burlington *County, an Irish Servant Lad, named* Joseph Balford, *aged about* 19 *Years, short Stature, red hair'd, a little freckled, with a Scar on his Eyebrow: Had on, a Suit of coarse grey cotton and wooll with round pewter Buttons, leather Breeches, brown worsted Stockings, new calf-skin shoes, a fine shirt, striped red and yellow silk Handerchief, a new fine Hat.*
Whoever secures the said Servant so that he may be had again, shall have Five Pounds *Reward, and reasonable Charges paid by*
Amos Austin. Philad. August 17. 1737.

ALL *Persons indebted to* Joseph Shippen, *jun. of* Philadelphia, *are desired forthwith to pay their respective Debts, the said* Shippen *intending for* London, *in the Ship* Constantine, Edward Wright, *Commander.*

To be sold very cheap for ready Money, by said Shippen *at his Store in* Front Street, *opposite to the Sign of the* Scales.
Broad and narrow Camblets, Crapes of several sorts, broad Cloths London *and* Bristol *Shalloons, Calimancoes, strip'd Jammys' Duroys, Garlix, Ozenbrigs, Check Linnen, Bed Ticks, Bunts' Kentings, Cambriks, Silesias, yellow Canvas, Buckrams, Muslins, Chellos, Cotton Romals, fine Callicoes of different sorts Fustians, Corded Dimitys, Cotton Counterpans, Silk Handkercheifs' black Gorgoroons, Lutestrings, Taffaties, Grazets, half Ell Persians, Silk and Thread, Sattins, Dimjais, Burdets, Nuns Thread, broad and narrow Tapes, Bobbins, Pins, Gartering, Butions and Mohair, Cutlery-ware, single and double refined Sugar, Shot, Men and Womens Gloves, Brass Cocks for Doors, Brass Arms for Sconces.*

RUN away from the Subscriber, Rector of *All-Saints*, in *Calvert* County, *Maryland*, the two following Men, *viz*
One, named *John Lister*, middle siz'd, very thick, red complexion, much Pock-broken, wears a Flaxen Bobb Wig, a greenish Suit of Clothes, linn'd with green shagreen.
The other, named *Robert Rogers*, House-Carpenter by Trade, pretty short, brown complexion, two or three Grains of Gun powder on the bridge of his Nose, small gash on one of his Thumbs. Had on, a brown Kersey Coat, with metal Buttons, a green Jacket.
Whosoever apprehends and secures the said Servants, shall have *Ten Pounds* Sterling, besides what the Law allows, paid by *James Williamson.*
P. S. Both the said Servants are thought to be pretty good Sailors as well as Artists.

RUN away from *Edward Williams* of *Boston*, Currier, on the 31st of *January* last, *Jonathan Reed*, an Irishman lately come from Dublin, but speaks pretty good English, about 32 Years of Age, his Name is mark'd with Ink on one of his Hands, a short well set Man, round fac'd, black Beard, round Shoulder'd, his Legs leaning a little, wore a blue Cloth Coat and Jacket, brown Breeches, and brown Wig, but 'tis suppos'd he may have chang'd his Cloaths; he is a Currier by Trade, but can work at the Shoemaker's and Brushmaker's Trade. There was in Company with him *John McCarrol*, an Attorney at Law.
Whoever shall take up said *Reed*, and him safely convey to his said Master in *Boston*, shall have *Five Pounds* Reward and all reasonable Charges paid by. *Edward Williams.*
Note. The said *Reed* sells Playbooks and Pamphlets, and is suppos'd to be gone towards *North-Carolina.*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
That PETER SONMANS,
IS Removed from *Second-Street*, to *Market-Street*, near *Bickley*'s Corner, where all Persons may be supply'd with all manner of Druggs, Chymical and Galenical Medicines, and common Oils; also Squires grand Elixir, Bateman's Pectoral Drops, Eaton's Stiptick, Lockart's and Matthew's Pills, Gairand's best Hungary-Water, Stoughton's Bitter, Daffie's Elixer, Bateman's and Blagrave's plain and golden Spirit of Scurvey Grass, Owner's Lozenge's, Clifton's and Banister's golden Spirit of Venice Treacle, Turner's Drops and Pills for curing Convulsions, Epilepsies, and Falling-Sickneses, &c.

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